



Deep Imaging Perception Camera Imaging (DIPCI)

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This is a series of advancements in camera lens technology which can be utilized in Digital SLR's as well as cell phone cameras. The purpose of this Imaging System is to give the users an enhanced experience providing for increased detail and depth as well as 3D photos, and 360 degree object views. This is the re-invention of photography as we know it. The enhanced imagery will be translated into printable photos as well: think 3D polaroids.

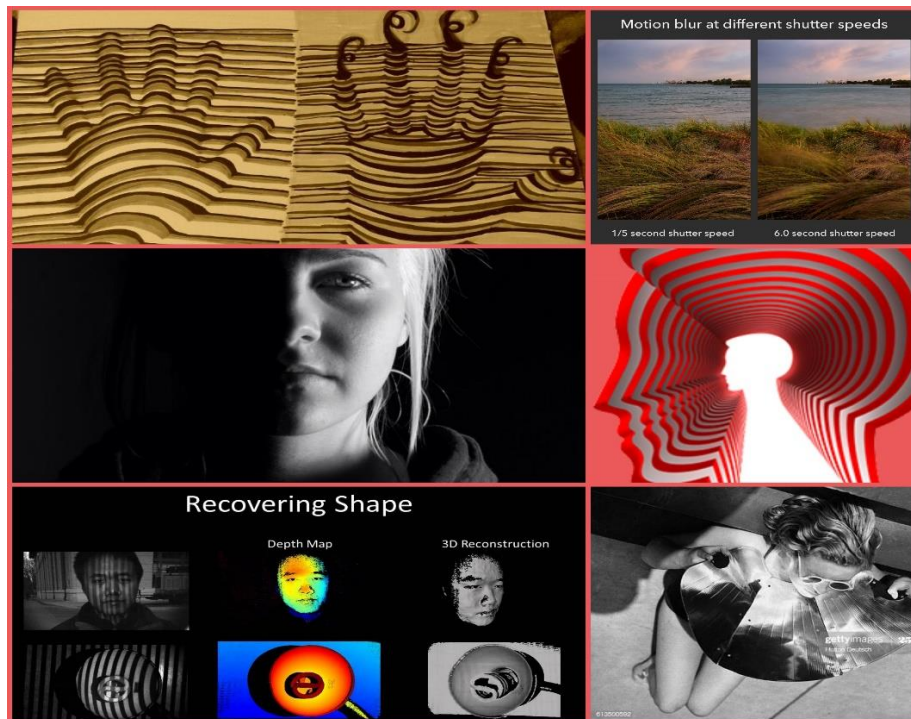
Expanded Deep Imaging

Utilizing highly specialized light bending mirrors within the lenses, the technology successfully bends light around the object through the use of this series of strategically placed mirrors. This allows the light to dance around the object in order to increase the detail and depth, providing a 3D image that will pop off the viewfinder as well as the screen. This of course works in tandem with 3D software built into phones and computers.

360 Deep Imaging

Utilizing the panoramic, continuous capture already available in many cameras and phones, the user is able to circumvent the object to create an image that will allow viewers to rotate the object and view it from all angles in editing. A common use of this feature would be in portrait photography. For example: a photographer could take a 360 view of the model, and rotate the image to produce the best possible photo, choosing to feature either the right side or the left side of the models face. This feature can also be used in selfie mode.

Another feature will include dual extendable mirrored lenses which serve to enhance the depth and detail of images by providing increased angles and lighting while the object is stationary. This also enhances the 360 Deep Imaging when the user is unable to use the circumvent panorama feature.



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